Employees with Burn Injuries

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A service of the U.S. Department of Labor’s Office of Disability Employment Policy
Preface

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JAN’S ACCOMMODATION AND COMPLIANCE SERIES

Introduction

JAN’s Accommodation and Compliance Series is designed to help employers determine effective accommodations and comply with Title I of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Each publication in the series addresses a specific medical condition and provides information about the condition, ADA information, accommodation ideas, and resources for additional information.

The Accommodation and Compliance Series is a starting point in the accommodation process and may not address every situation. Accommodations should be made on a case by case basis, considering each employee’s individual limitations and accommodation needs. Employers are encouraged to contact JAN to discuss specific situations in more detail.

For information on assistive technology and other accommodation ideas, visit JAN's Searchable Online Accommodation Resource (SOAR) at http://AskJAN.org/soar.

Information about Burn Injuries

How prevalent are burn injuries?

Burns are one of the most common household injuries. It is estimated that about 1.25 million burn injuries occur each year in the United States. Due to burn prevention and education programs, this rate has actually dropped by 50% in the last 30 years. Also, because of the advances in treatment of burns an individual is now much more likely to survive a serious burn injury. Since more individuals are surviving even the most severe of burn injuries, especially those burned as children, there are more burn survivors in the workplace (American Burn Association, 2010).

What causes burn injuries and how are they classified?

Burns are usually caused by heat (thermal burns), such as fire, or hot liquids. Burns can also be caused by chemicals and radiation such as sun light and electricity (Merck, 2009).

Burns are classified in three ways: first, second and third degree:

- First degree burns are the most common type of burn injury. This involves only the top layer of skin and is characterized by pain, redness, and swelling. Sunburn is a typical first degree burn (Merck, 2009).

- Second degree burns involve the first and second layer of skin. They are characterized by blistering of the skin, redness, and swelling and are very painful (Merck, 2009).
• Third degree burns are the most severe and often result in extensive scarring. They can require a long recovery time and may result in severe limitations (Merck, 2009).

Burn Injuries and the Americans with Disabilities Act

Are burn injuries a disability under the ADA?

The ADA does not contain a list of medical conditions that constitute disabilities. Instead, the ADA has a general definition of disability that each person must meet (EEOC Regulations . . ., 2011). Therefore, some people with burn injuries will have a disability under the ADA and some will not.

A person has a disability if he/she has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, a record of such an impairment, or is regarded as having an impairment (EEOC Regulations . . ., 2011). For more information about how to determine whether a person has a disability under the ADA, visit http://AskJAN.org/corner/vol05iss04.htm.
Accommodating Employees with Burn Injuries

(Note: People with burn injuries may develop some of the limitations discussed below, but seldom develop all of them. Also, the degree of limitation will vary among individuals. Be aware that not all people with burn injuries will need accommodations to perform their jobs and many others may only need a few accommodations. The following is only a sample of the possibilities available. Numerous other accommodation solutions may exist.)

Questions to Consider:

1. What limitations is the employee with a burn injury experiencing?
2. How do these limitations affect the employee and the employee’s job performance?
3. What specific job tasks are problematic as a result of these limitations?
4. What accommodations are available to reduce or eliminate these problems? Are all possible resources being used to determine possible accommodations?
5. Has the employee with a burn injury been consulted regarding possible accommodations?
6. Once accommodations are in place, would it be useful to meet with the employee with a burn injury to evaluate the effectiveness of the accommodations and to determine whether additional accommodations are needed?
7. Do supervisory personnel and employees need training regarding burn injuries?

Accommodation Ideas:

Gross Motor Impairment:

- Modify the work-site to make it accessible
- Provide parking close to the work-site
- Provide an accessible entrance
- Install automatic door openers
- Provide an accessible restroom and break room
- Provide an accessible route of travel to other work areas used by the employee
- Modify the workstation to make it accessible
- Adjust desk height if wheelchair or scooter is used
- Make sure materials and equipment are within reach range
- Move workstation close to other work areas, office equipment, and break rooms
- Provide material lifts
- Provide stand/lean stools
- Provide anti-fatigue matting
Fine Motor Impairment:

- Implement ergonomic workstation design
- Provide alternative computer access
- Provide alternative telephone access
- Provide arm supports
- Provide writing and grip aids
- Provide a page turner and a book holder
- Provide a note taker
- Provide anti-vibration gloves
- Provide tool balancers

Heat Sensitivity:

- Reduce work-site temperature
- Use cool vest or other cooling clothing
- Use fan/air-conditioner at the workstation
- Allow flexible scheduling and flexible use of leave time
- Allow work from home during hot weather

Cold Sensitivity:

- Increase work-site temperature
- Use portable space heaters
- Dress in layers using thermal material or fleece
- Wearing gloves
- Provide heated clothing
- Allow work from home during cold weather

Working Effectively with Supervisors:

- Provide positive praise and reinforcement
- Provide written job instructions
- Develop written work agreements that include the agreed upon accommodations
- Communicate performance standards and the consequences of not them
- Allow for open communication to managers and supervisors
- Establish written long term and short term goals
- Develop strategies to deal with problems before they arise
- Develop a procedure to evaluate the effectiveness of the accommodation

Interacting with Coworkers:

- Educate all employees on their rights to accommodations
- Provide sensitivity training to coworkers and supervisors
• Do not mandate that employees attend work-related social functions
• Encourage all employees to move non-work related conversations out of work areas

Difficulty Handling Stress and Emotions:
• Provide praise and positive reinforcement
• Refer to counseling and employee assistance programs
• Allow telephone calls during work hours to doctors and others for needed support
• Allow the presence of a support animal
• Allow the employee to take breaks as needed

Sleep Disorder:
• Allow flexible work hours
• Allow frequent breaks
• Allow work from home

Situations and Solutions:

A drafting engineer has third degree burns to 80% of his body. He is limited in sitting for extended periods. JAN provided him information on sit/stand work stations.

A school teacher with burn injuries to both hands was having trouble writing, particularly when she has to reach overhead to write on the chalkboard. JAN provided information on assistive writing aids such as pen/pencil grips and devices to make holding a pen/pencil easier. A desktop tablet that projected onto a screen in front of the classroom allowed her to do traditional board writing using a pen/tablet computer system.

A person employed as a ground maintenance laborer was recovering from severe burns of his head, neck, and back. His job required him to work outside during most of the day. Due to the scars he was unable to sweat to cool his body temperature and he was concerned about getting sunburned. His employer provided him with a hat, long sleeved light cotton shirts and a cool vest. He was given a portable beach umbrella to provide him shade and he was encouraged to take breaks as often as he needed them. The employer also changed his schedule to an earlier start time so that he could work mainly during the morning hours.

A consultant employed by a federal agency has severe limitations in fine motor movements as a result of burns to her hands. She has difficulty writing and typing. Her job requires her to use a computer to enter data and maintain files. An articulating keyboard tray was added to her desk, allowing her to bring the keyboard closer to her body. She was also given a split keyboard and a trackball mouse that allows her to use her fingers to move the cursor and type, eliminating the need for her to use her thumbs. The individual combined these devices with speech recognition.
Resources

**Job Accommodation Network**
West Virginia University
PO Box 6080
Morgantown, WV 26506-6080
Toll Free: (800)526-7234
TTY: (877)781-9403
Fax: (304)293-5407
jan@AskJAN.org
http://AskJAN.org

The Job Accommodation Network (JAN) is a free consulting service that provides information about job accommodations, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and the employability of people with disabilities.

**Office of Disability Employment Policy**
200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room S-1303
Washington, DC 20210
Toll Free: (866)633-7365
TTY: (877)889-5627
Fax: (202)693-7888
http://www.dol.gov/odep/

The Office of Disability Employment Policy (ODEP) is an agency within the U.S. Department of Labor. ODEP provides national leadership to increase employment opportunities for adults and youth with disabilities while striving to eliminate barriers to employment.

**American Burn Association**
311 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 4150
Chicago, IL 60606
Direct: (312)642-9260
Fax: (312)642-9130
info@ameriburn.org
http://www.ameriburn.org

Dedicated to promoting and supporting burn-related research, education, care, rehabilitation, and prevention.

**Arizona Burn Foundation**
PO Box 1329
Phoenix, AZ 85001
Direct: (602)230-2041
Fax: (602)230-2157
http://www.azburn.com
Assisting burn victims and their families in becoming burn survivors, through different programs, rehabilitation, treatment, and research.

**Burn Survivor Resource Center**
Toll Free: (800)669-7700
info@burnsurvivor.com
http://www.burnsurvivor.com

One stop resource center to ensure professional information is made available to the burn survivor, to the many people who are searching for critical information on behalf of a loved one, to the family, and to the professionals.

**Burn Survivors Throughout The World, Inc.**
16193 Lone Star Ranch Drive #102
Conroe, TX 77302
Toll Free: (866)712-6164
Direct: (936)483-9014
info@burnsurvivorsttw.org
http://www.burnsurvivorsttw.org

BSTTW offers membership, a peer support team, education, advocacy, medical referrals, a free medical treatment program, medical equipment, legal referrals, healing weekends, public awareness for the burn survivor community and the public worldwide.

**Flicker of Hope Foundation**
8624 Janet Lane
Vienna, VA 22180
Direct: (703)698-1626
Fax: (703)698-6225
info@flickerofhope.org
http://www.flickerofhope.org/

FHF was founded with the purpose of providing emotional and practical support for burn survivors and their families. This support is presented in the form of counseling, scholarship opportunities, and the sharing of useful information.

**International Society for Burn Injuries**
Elisabeth Greenfield, RN, MSN
2172 US Highway 181 South
Floresville, TX 78114
lizals@tgti.net
http://www.worldburn.org/
One of the main aims of our society is to disseminate knowledge and stimulate prevention in the field of burns.

**Phoenix Society for Burn Survivors, Inc.**  
1835 R W Berends Dr. SW  
Grand Rapids, MI 49519-4955  
Toll Free: (800)888-2876  
Direct: (616)458-2773  
Fax: (616)458-2831  
info@phoenix-society.org  
http://www.phoenix-society.org

Information and resources for burn survivors.

**Shriners Hospitals for Children**  
2900 Rocky Point Dr.  
Tampa, FL 33607  
Toll Free: (800)237-5055  
Direct: (813)281-0300  
http://www.shrinershospitalsforchildren.org

Network of 22 hospitals that provide expert, no-cost orthopedic and burn care to children under 18.
References


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